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# MODIFIED CYCLOBUTANE CARBONUCLEOSIDES: SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF THEIR ANTIVIRAL ACTIVITY

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## MODIFIED CYCLOBUTANE CARBONUCLEOSIDES: SYNTHESIS AND EVALUATION OF THEIR ANTIVIRAL ACTIVITY

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#### **ABSTRACT**

The synthesis of some 9-(2-cyclobutylethyl)guanine derivatives and analogous carbonucleosides from  $1S-\alpha$ -pinene is here presented. None of them showed detectable selectivity when assayed in the performed anti-viral tests.

Carbocyclic nucleosides with a cyclobutane ring linked to a purine base, such as Lubocavir (1) (1) and Cyclobut A (2) (2), are known to present interesting antiviral properties. In a search to explore structural variations on the pseudo-sugar moiety which might improve or retain antiviral activity, a series of carbocyclic nucleosides of type 3 (Z=CH, N; X=Cl, OH, NH<sub>2</sub>) was studied.

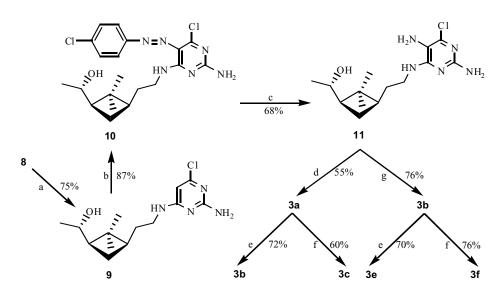
The synthesis of compounds **3** in enantiomerically pure form was carried out starting from easily available  $1S-\alpha$ -pinene (**4**). Permanganic oxidation of **4** yielded pinonic acid **5**, which was reduced by NaBH<sub>4</sub> mainly to the pinolic acid **6**. Acetylation of **6** by Ac<sub>2</sub>O/Pyr was followed by successive treatments with ClCO<sub>2</sub>Et/Et<sub>3</sub>N and NH<sub>3</sub>, to obtain the acetoxy amide **7**. Finally, reduction of **7** by LiAlH<sub>4</sub> gave the amino alcohol **8**, in a 26% overall yield.

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Scheme 1.

 $\label{eq:cheme 2. a) $KMnO_4/H_2O$; b) $NaBH_4/EtOH$; c) $1:Ac_2O/Pyr$; 2: $CICO_2Et/Et_3N/NH_3$; d) $LiAlH_4/THF.$$ 





Condensation of **8** with 4,6-dichloropyrimidin-2-amine afforded **9**, which was further condensed with 4-chlorophenyldiazonium chloride to give the 5-azopyrimidine derivative **10**. The hydrogenation of the azo group of **10** with Zn/AcOH yielded the 2,5-diaminopyrimidine derivative **11**. This key intermediate was then used to construct the guanine or 8-azaguanine derivatives using well stablished procedures (3).

Compounds 3(a-f) were assayed against a variety of viruses, including HIV-1 and HIV-2, cytomegalovirus,  $TK^+$  and  $TK^-$  varicella zoster virus, influenza [H2N2 A2 Japan/305/57, H3N2 (X31) and B Hong Kong/51/72] virus, herpes simplex virus type 1 and type 2, vaccinia virus, vesicular stomatitis virus, reovirus-1, sindbis virus and Punta Toro virus. No antiviral activity at concentrations  $\geq$  5-fold below the corresponding cytotoxicity thresholds could be discerned with any of the compounds against any of the viruses evaluated.

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